Operating Instructions

VEGASON 63

Profibus PA

Ultrasonic

Contents

1 About this document

1.1 Function 4
1.2 Target group 4
1.3 Symbolism used 4

2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel 5
2.2 Appropriate use 5
2.3 Warning about misuse 5
2.4 General safety instructions 5
2.5 Safety approval markings and safety tips 6
2.6 CE conformity 6
2.7 Fulfillment of NAMUR recommendations 6
2.8 Safety instructions for Ex areas 6
2.9 Environmental instructions 6

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration 8
3.2 Principle of operation 9
3.3 Operation 9
3.4 Packaging, transport and storage 10

4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions 11
4.2 Mounting instructions 13

5 Connecting to power supply

5.1 Preparing the connection 20
5.2 Connection procedure 21
5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing 23
5.4 Wiring plan, double chamber housing 24
5.5 Switch on phase 26

6 Set up with the indicating and adjustment module PLICSCOM

6.1 Short description 27
6.2 Insert indicating and adjustment module 27
6.3 Adjustment system 29
6.4 Setup procedure 30
6.5 Menu schematic 36
6.6 Saving the parameter adjustment data 38

7 Setup with PACTware and other adjustment programs

7.1 Connect the PC via VEGACONNECT 39
7.2 Parameter adjustment with PACTware 40
7.3 Parameter adjustment with PDM 40
7.4 Saving the parameter adjustment data 40

28786-EN-081127

8 Maintenance and fault rectification

8.1 Maintenance 41
8.2 Remove interferences 41
8.3 Exchanging the electronics module 43
8.4 Software update 43
8.5 Instrument repair 44

9 Dismounting

9.1 Dismounting steps 45
9.2 Disposal 45

10 Supplement

10.1 Technical data 46
10.2 Profibus PA 51
10.3 Dimensions 56
10.4 Industrial property rights 59
10.5 Trademark 59

Supplementary documentation

Information:
Supplementary documents appropriate to the ordered version come with the delivery. You can find them listed in chapter "*Product description*".

Instructions manuals for accessories and replacement parts

Tip:
To ensure reliable setup and operation of your VEGASON 63, we offer accessories and replacement parts. The associated documents are:

- 27835 - Indicating and adjustment module PLICSCOM
- 32628 - Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- 27720 - External indication VEGADIS 61
- 34296 - Protective cover
- 30176 - Electronics module VEGASON series 60

28786-EN-081127

1 About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance and fault rectification. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained qualified personnel. The contents of this manual should be made available to these personnel and put into practice by them.

1.3 Symbolism used

Information, tip, note
This symbol indicates helpful additional information.

Caution: If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can result.
Warning: If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.
Danger: If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.

Ex applications
This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

- **List**
  The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

→ **Action**
This arrow indicates a single action.

1 **Sequence**
Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.

28786-EN-081127

2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out only by trained specialist personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

VEGASON 63 is a sensor for continuous level measurement.

You can find detailed information on the application range in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden.

2.3 Warning about misuse

Inappropriate or incorrect use of the instrument can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill or damage to system components through incorrect mounting or adjustment.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a high-tech instrument requiring the strict observance of standard regulations and guidelines. The user must take note of the safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the country-specific installation standards as well as all prevailing safety regulations and accident prevention rules.

The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for trouble-free operation of the instrument.

During the entire duration of use, the user is obliged to determine the compliance of the required occupational safety measures with the current valid rules and regulations and also take note of new regulations.

28786-EN-081127

2.5 Safety approval markings and safety tips

The safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must be observed.

2.6 CE conformity

This device fulfills the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. By attaching the CE mark, VEGA provides a confirmation of successful testing. You can find the CE conformity declaration in the download area of www.vega.com.

2.7 Fulfillment of NAMUR recommendations

With respect to compatibility, the NAMUR recommendation NE 53 is fulfilled. This applies also to the corresponding indicating and adjustment components. VEGA instruments are generally upward and downward compatible.

- Sensor software for DTM VEGASON 63 HART, PA or FF
- DTM VEGASON 63 for adjustment software PACTware
- Indicating and adjustment module for sensor software

The parameter adjustment of the basic sensor functions is independent of the software version. The range of available functions depends on the respective software version of the individual components.

The software version of VEGASON 63 can be determined as follows:

- via PACTware
- on the type label of the electronics
- via the indicating and adjustment module

You can view all software histories on our website www.vega.com. Make use of this advantage and get registered for update information via e-mail.

2.8 Safety instructions for Ex areas

Please note the Ex-specific safety information for installation and operation in Ex areas. These safety instructions are part of the operating instructions manual and come with the Ex-approved instruments.

2.9 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

28786-EN-081127

- Chapter "*Packaging, transport and storage*"
- Chapter "*Disposal*"

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- VEGASON 63 ultrasonic sensor
- Optionally mounting strap or compression flange
- Documentation
  - this operating instructions manual
  - Operating instructions manual - 27835 "*Indicating and adjustment module PLICSCOM*" (optional)
  - Supplementary instructions manual - 31708 "*Heating for indicating and adjustment module*" (optional)
  - Supplementary instructions manual "*Plug connector*" (optional)
  - Ex-specific "*Safety instructions*" (with Ex-versions)
  - if necessary, further certificates

Components

VEGASON 63 consists of the following components:

- Process fitting with transducer
- Housing with electronics, optionally available with plug connector
- Housing cover, optionally available with indicating and adjustment module PLICSCOM

The components are available in different versions.

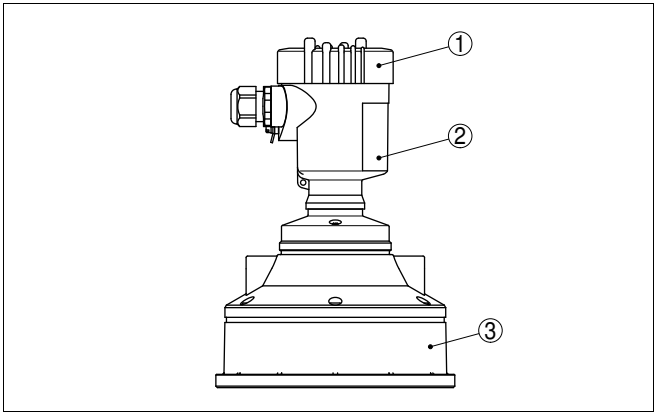


Fig. 1: VEGASON 63 with plastic housing
1 Housing cover with integrated PLICSCOM (optional)
2 Housing with electronics
3 Process fitting with transducer

3.2 Principle of operation

Application area

VEGASON 63 is an ultrasonic sensor for continuous level measurement. It is suitable for liquids and solids in practically all industries.

Functional principle

The transducer of the ultrasonic sensor transmits short ultrasonic pulses to the measured product. These pulses are reflected by product surface and received again by the transducer as echoes. The running time of the ultrasonic pulses from emission to reception is proportional to the distance and hence the level. The determined level is converted into an appropriate output signal and outputted as measured value.

Power supply and bus communication

Power supply via the Profibus DP/PA segment coupler or VEGALOG 571 EP cards. A two-wire cable according to Profibus specification serves as carrier of both power and digital data transmission for multiple sensors. The instrument profile of VEGASON 63 corresponds to profile specification version 3.0.

GSD/EDD

The GSD (instrument master files) and bitmap files necessary for planning your Profibus-DP-(PA) communication network are available from the download section on the VEGA homepage www.vega.com under "*Services - Downloads - Software - Profibus*". There you can also find the appropriate certificates. In a PDM environment, an EDD (Electronic Device Description) is also required to enable the full range of sensor functions (also available as a download).A CD with the appropriate files can be ordered via e-mail under info@de.vega.com or by phone from one of the VEGA agencies under the order number "DRIVER.S".

The backlight of the indicating and adjustment module is powered by the sensor. Prerequisite is a certain level of supply voltage.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter "*Technical data*".

The optional heating requires its own power supply. You can find further details in the supplementary instructions manual "*Heating for indicating and adjustment module*".

This function is generally not available for approved instruments.

3.3 Operation

VEGASON 63 can be adjusted with different adjustment media:

- with indicating and adjustment module
- with the suitable VEGA DTM in conjunction with an adjustment software according to the FDT/DTM standard, e.g. PACTware and PC
- with the adjustment program PDM

The entered parameters are generally saved in VEGASON 63, optionally also in the indicating and adjustment module or in PACTware.

3.4 Packaging, transport and storage

Packaging

Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test according to DIN EN 24180.

The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment-friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.

Transport

Transport must be carried out under consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.

Transport inspection

The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.

Storage

Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.

Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:

- Not in the open
- Dry and dust free
- Not exposed to corrosive media
- Protected against solar radiation
- Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration

Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see chapter "*Supplement - Technical data - Ambient conditions*"
- Relative humidity 20 … 85 %

4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

Suitability for process conditions

Make sure that all parts of the instrument in contact with the measured product, especially the sensor element, process seal and process fitting, are suitable for the existing process conditions such as process pressure, process temperature as well as the chemical properties of the medium.

You can find the specifications in chapter "*Technical data*" in the or on the type label.

Mounting position

Select an installation position you can easily reach for mounting and connecting as well as later retrofitting of an indicating and adjustment module. The housing can be rotated by 330° without the use of any tools. You can also install the indicating and adjustment module in four different positions (each displaced by 90°).

Moisture

Use the recommended cables (see chapter "*Connecting to power supply*") and tighten the cable gland.

You can give your instrument additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable entry. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This applies mainly to outdoor mounting as well as installation in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) or on cooled or heated vessels.

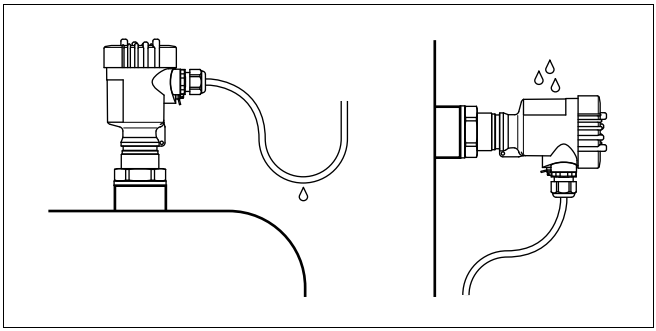


Fig. 2: Measures against moisture penetration

Measuring range

The reference plane for the measuring range is the lower edge of the transducer.

Make sure that a min. distance - the so called dead zone - below the reference plane is maintained in which a measurement is not possible. The exact value of the dead zone is stated in chapter "*Technical data*".

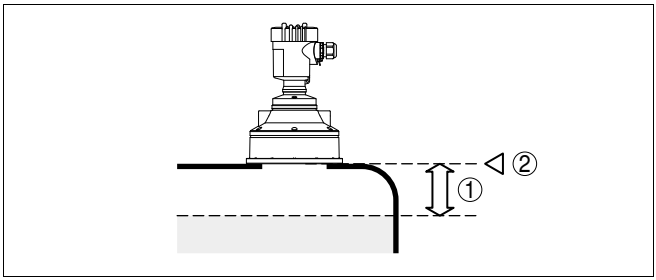


Fig. 3: Minimum distance to the max. level
1 Dead band
2 Reference plane

Information:
If the medium reaches the transducer, buildup can form on it and cause faulty measurements later on.

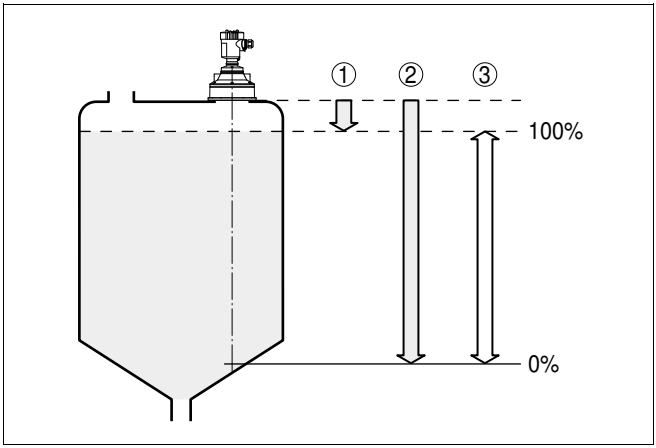


Fig. 4: Measuring range (operating range) and max. measuring distance
1 full
2 empty (max. measuring distance)
3 Measuring range

Pressure/Vacuum

Gauge pressure in the vessel does not influence VEGASON 63. Low pressure or vacuum does, however, damp the ultrasonic pulses. This influences the measuring result, particularly if the level is very low. With pressures under -0.2 bar (-20 kPa) you should use a different measuring principle, e.g. radar or guided microwave.

4.2 Mounting instructions

Mounting position

When mounting VEGASON 63, keep a distance of at least 200 mm (7.874 in) to the vessel wall. If the sensor is installed in the center of dished or round vessel tops, multiple echoes can arise. These can, however, be suppressed by an appropriate adjustment (see chapter "*Setup*").

If you cannot keep this distance you should carry out a false echo storage before setup. This applies mainly if buildup on the vessel wall is expected. In this case, we recommend repeating a false echo storage later with existing buildup.

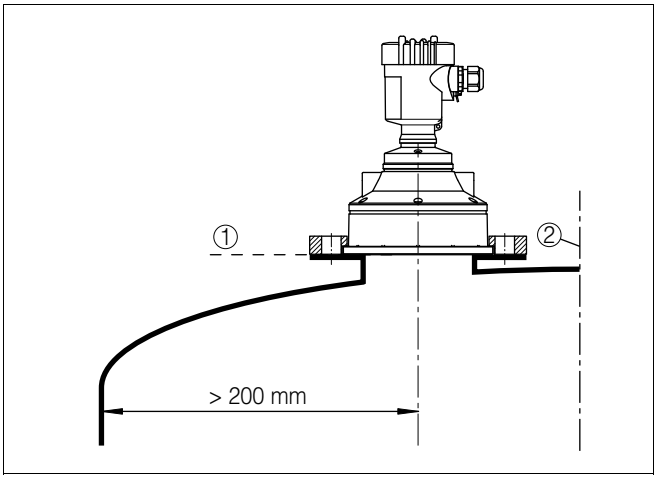


Fig. 5: Mounting on round vessel tops
1 Reference plane
2 Vessel center or symmetry axis

In vessels with conical bottom it can be advantageous to mount the sensor in the center of the vessel, as measurement is then possible down to the lowest point of the vessel bottom.

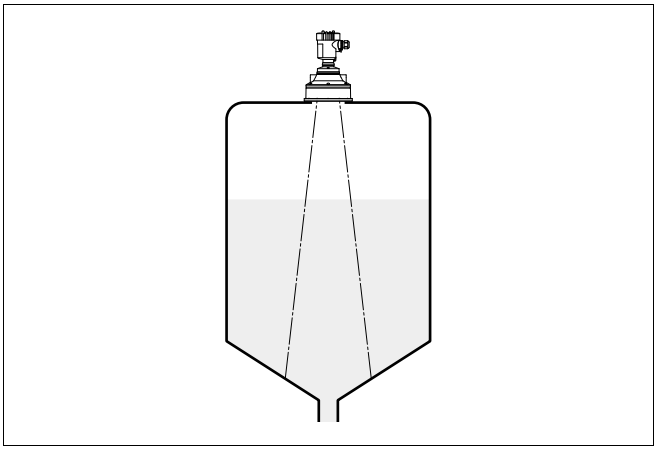
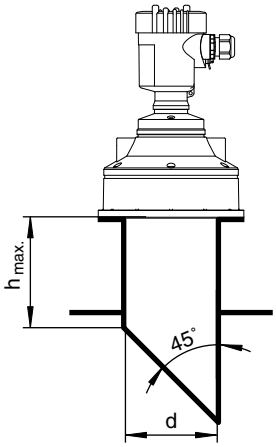


Fig. 6: Vessel with conical bottom

Socket

Preferably the transducer should be mounted flush to the vessel top.

If the reflective properties of the medium are good, you can mount VEGASON 63 on a socket piece. You will find recommended values for socket heights in the following illustration. The socket end should be smooth and burr-free, if possible also rounded. Carry out a false echo storage.



d	h max.
100 mm/4"	300 mm
150 mm/6"	400 mm
200 mm/8"	500 mm
250 mm/10"	600 mm

Fig. 7: Deviating socket dimensions

Sensor orientation

Align the sensor in liquids as vertical as possible to the product surface to achieve optimum measuring results.

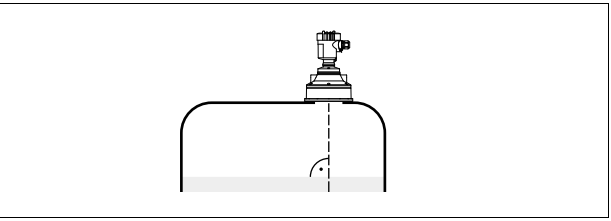


Fig. 8: Alignment in liquids

To optimally align the sensor to solid products, a swivelling holder (mounting strap) can be implemented.

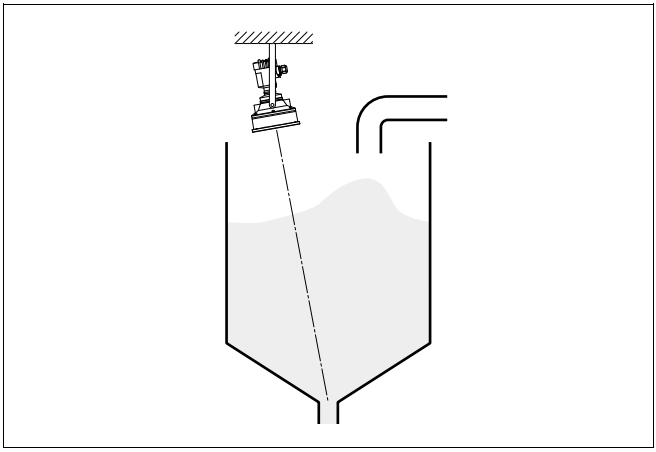


Fig. 9: Orientation in solids

To reduce the min. distance to the medium, you can also mount VEGASON 63 with a beam deflector. By doing this, it is possible to fill the vessel nearly to maximum. Such an arrangement is suitable primarily for open vessels such as e.g. overflow basins.

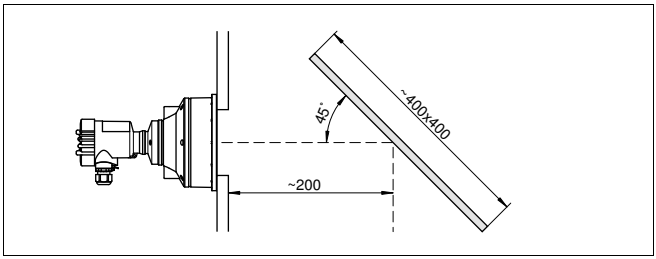


Fig. 10: Beam deflector

Vessel installations

The ultrasonic sensor should be installed at a location where no installations cross the ultrasonic beam.

Vessel installations such as for example, ladders, limit switches, heating spirals, struts etc. can cause false echoes that interfere with the useful echo. Make sure when planning your measuring site that the ultrasonic signals have a "clear view" to the measured product.

In case of existing vessel installations, a false echo storage should be carried out during setup.

If large vessel installations such as struts or supports cause false echoes, these can be attenuated through supplementary measures. Small, inclined sheet metal or plastic baffles above the installations scatter the ultrasonic signals and avoid direct false echoes.

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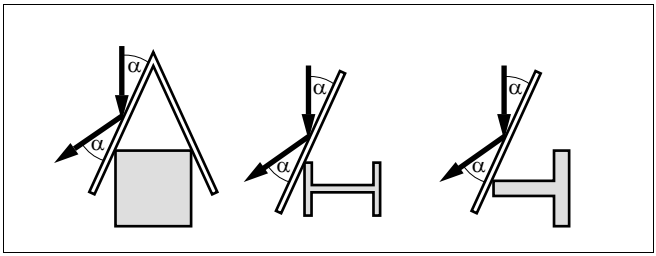


Fig. 11: Cover smooth profiles with deflectors

Agitators

If there are agitators in the vessel, a false echo storage should be carried out with the agitators in motion. This ensures that the interfering reflections from the agitators are saved with the blades in different positions.

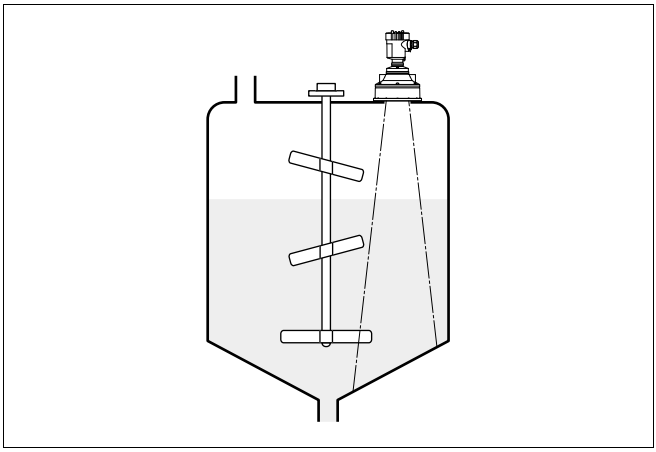


Fig. 12: Agitators

Inflowing medium

Do not mount the instruments in or above the filling stream. Make sure that you detect the product surface, not the inflowing product.

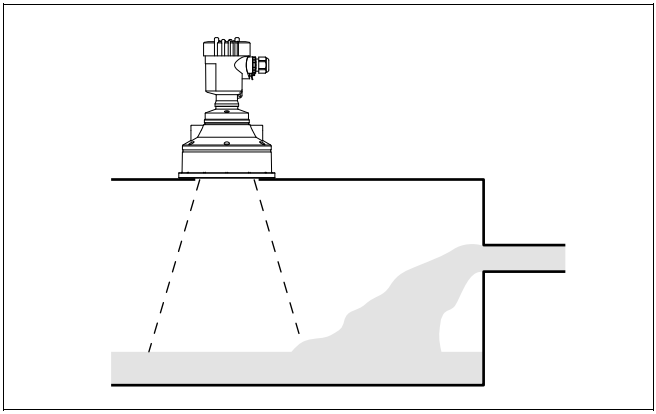


Fig. 13: Inflowing liquid

Foam

Through the action of filling, stirring and other processes in the vessel, dense foams which considerably damp the emitted signals may form on the product surface.

If foams are causing measurement errors, the sensor should be used in a standpipe or, alternatively, the more suitable guided radar sensors (TDR) should be used.

Guided radar is unaffected by foam generation and is particularly suitable for such applications.

Air turbulences

If there are strong air currents in the vessel, e.g. due to strong winds in outdoor installations or air turbulence, e.g. by cyclone extraction you should mount VEGASON 63 in a standpipe or use a different measuring principle, e.g. radar or guided radar (TDR).

Standpipe measurement

By using a standpipe (surge or bypass tube), the influence of vessel installations, foam generation and turbulence is excluded.

Standpipes must extend all the way down to the requested min. level, as measurement is only possible within the tube.

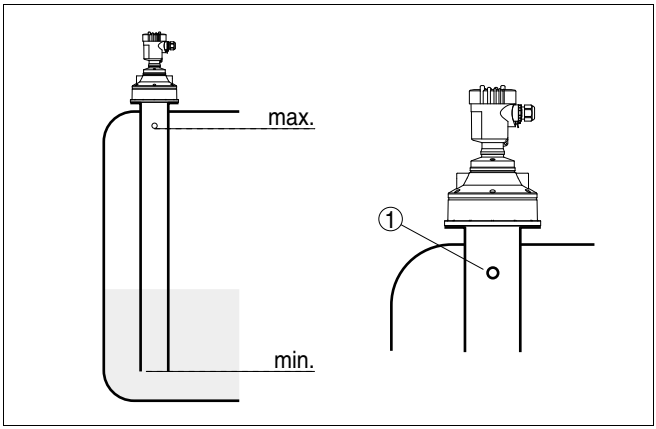


Fig. 14: Standpipe in tank
1 Vent hole ø 5 … 10 mm

VEGASON 63 can be used from tube diameters of 100 mm.

Avoid large gaps and thick welding joints when connecting the tubes. Generally carry out a false echo storage.

Measurement in a standpipe is not recommended for adhesive products.

5 Connecting to power supply

5.1 Preparing the connection

Note safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

- Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage
- If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed according to Profibus specifications

Tip:
We recommend VEGA overvoltage arrester B63-32.

Take note of safety instructions for Ex applications

In hazardous areas you should take note of the appropriate regulations, conformity and type approval certificates of the sensors and power supply units.

Select power supply

Power is supplied via a Profibus DP/PA segment coupler or a VEGALOG 571 EP input card. The power supply range can differ depending on the instrument version.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter "*Technical data*".

Selecting connection cable

Connection is made with screened cable according to the Profibus specification. Power supply and digital bus signal are carried over the same two-wire connection cable.

Use cable with round cross-section. A cable outer diameter of 5 … 9 mm (0.2 … 0.35 in) ensures the seal effect of the cable gland. If you are using cable with a different diameter or cross-section, exchange the seal or use a suitable cable gland.

Please make sure that your installation is carried out according to the Profibus specification. In particular, make sure that the termination of the bus is done with appropriate terminating resistors.

Cable gland ½ NPT

On the instrument with cable entry ½ NPT and plastic housing there is a metallic ½" threaded insert moulded into the plastic housing.

Caution:
No grease should be used when screwing the NPT cable gland or steel tube into the threaded insert. Standard grease can contain additives that corrode the connection between threaded insert and housing. This would influence the stability of the connection and the tightness of the housing.

28786-EN-081127

Cable screening and grounding

In systems with potential equalisation, connect the cable screen directly to ground potential at the power supply unit, in the connection box and at the sensor. The screen in the sensor must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal outside on the housing must be connected to the potential equalisation (low impedance).

In systems without potential equalisation, connect the cable screen directly to ground potential at the power supply unit and at the sensor. In the connection box or T-distributor, the screen of the short stub to the sensor must not be connected to ground potential or to another cable screen. The cable screens to the power supply unit and to the next distributor must be connected to each other and also connected to ground potential via a ceramic capacitor (e.g. 1 nF, 1500 V). The low frequency potential equalisation currents are thus suppressed, but the protective effect against high frequency interference signals remains.

The total capacitance of the cable and of all capacitors must not exceed 10 nF in Ex applications.

Select connection cable for Ex applications

Take note of the corresponding installation regulations for Ex applications. In particular, make sure that no potential equalisation currents flow over the cable screen. In case of grounding on both sides this can be achieved by the use of a capacitor or a separate potential equalisation.

5.2 Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

1 Unscrew the housing cover

2 If an indicating and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turning it slightly to the left.

3 Loosen compression nut of the cable entry

4 Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) insulation from the ends of the individual wires

5 Insert the cable through the cable gland into the sensor

6 Lift the opening levers of the terminals with a screwdriver (see following illustration)

7 Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan

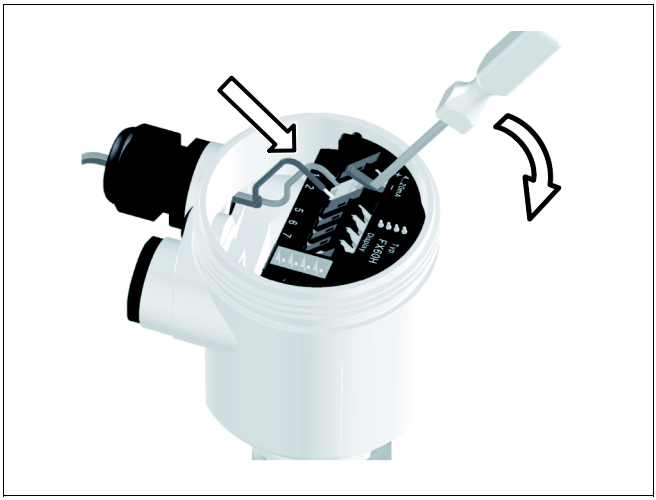


Fig. 15: Connection steps 6 and 7

8 Press down the opening levers of the terminals, you will hear the terminal spring closing

9 Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them

10 Connect the screen to the internal ground terminal, connect the outer ground terminal with potential equalisation

11 Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable

12 Screw the housing cover on

The electrical connection is finished.

5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing

Housing overview

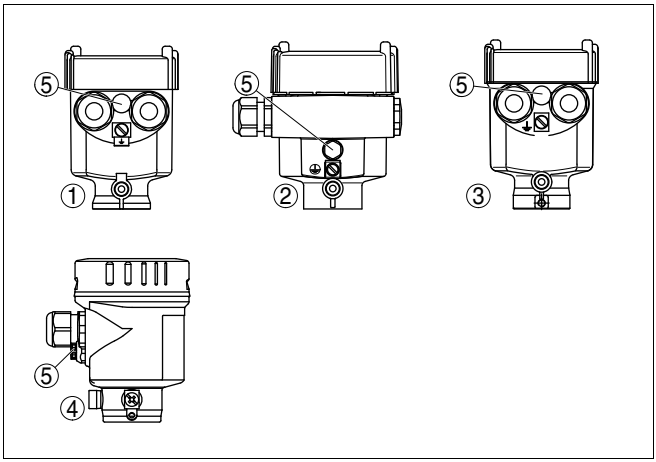


Fig. 16: Material versions, single chamber housing
1 Plastic
2 Aluminium
3 Stainless steel, investment casting
4 Stainless steel, electro-polished
5 Filter element for air pressure compensation of all material versions. Blind stopper with version IP 66/IP 68, 1 bar for Aluminium and stainless steel

Electronics and connection compartment

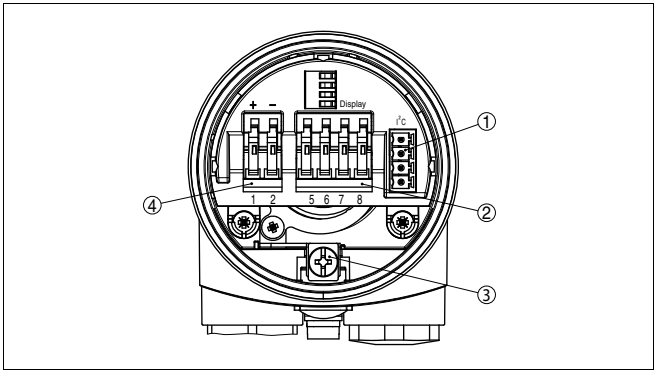


Fig. 17: Electronics and connection compartment, single chamber housing
1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I^2C interface)
2 Spring-loaded terminals for connection of the external indication VEGADIS 61
3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen
4 Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply

Wiring plan

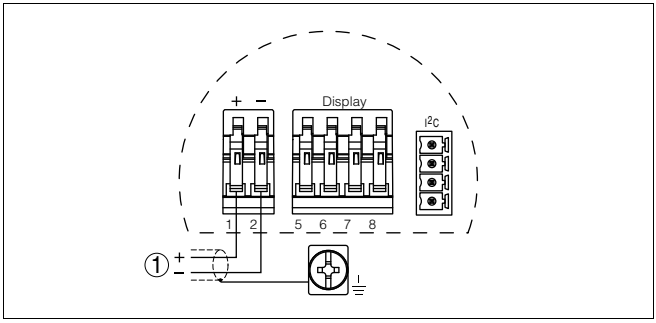


Fig. 18: Wiring plan, single chamber housing
1 Voltage supply/Signal output

5.4 Wiring plan, double chamber housing

Housing overview

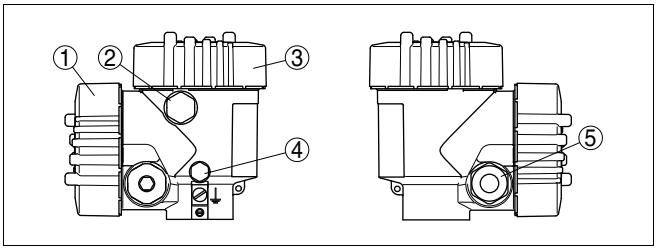


Fig. 19: Double chamber housing
1 Housing cover, connection compartment
2 Blind stopper or plug M12 x 1 for VEGADIS 61 (optional)
3 Housing cover, electronics compartment
4 Filter element for air pressure compensation
5 Cable gland

Electronics compartment

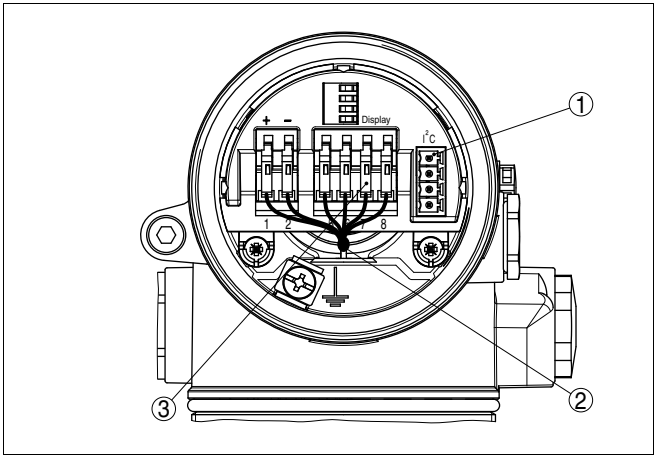


Fig. 20: Electronics compartment, double chamber housing
1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I^2C interface)
2 Internal connection cable to the connection compartment
3 Terminals for VEGADIS 61

Connection compartment

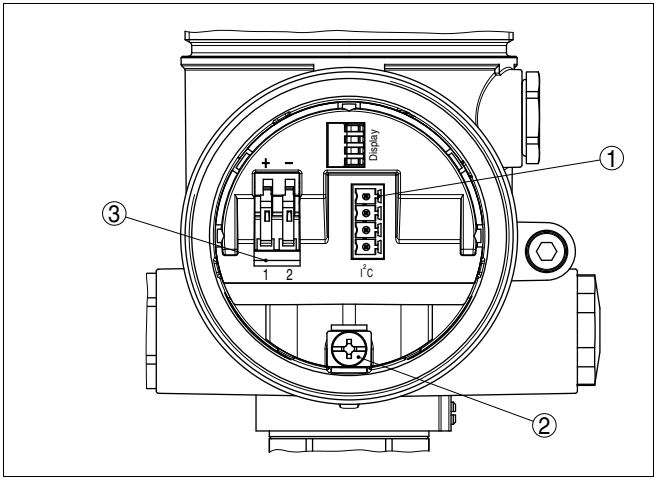


Fig. 21: Connection compartment, double chamber housing
1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I^2C interface)
2 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen
3 Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply

Wiring plan

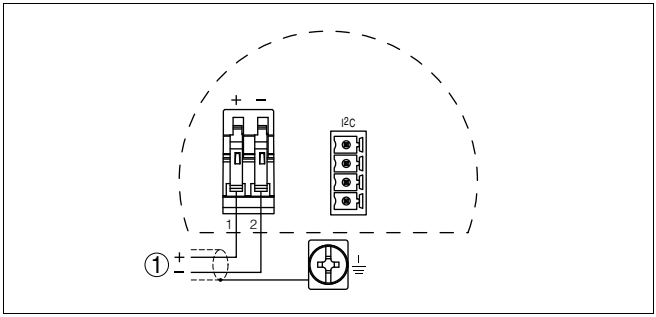


Fig. 22: Wiring plan, double chamber housing
1 Voltage supply/Signal output

5.5 Switch on phase

Switch on phase

After VEGASON 63 is connected to voltage supply or after voltage recurrence, the instrument carries out a self-check for approx. 30 seconds. The following steps are carried out:

- Internal check of the electronics
- Indication of the instrument type, the firmware as well as the sensor TAGs (sensor designation)
- Status byte goes briefly to fault value

Then the current measured value will be displayed and the corresponding digital output signal will be outputted to the cable.[1)]

[1)] The values correspond to the actual measured level as well as to the settings already carried out, e.g. default setting.

6 Set up with the indicating and adjustment module PLICSCOM

6.1 Short description

Function/Configuration

The indicating and adjustment module is used for measured value display, adjustment and diagnosis. It can be mounted in the following housing versions and instruments:

- All sensors of the plics® instrument family, in the single as well as in the double chamber housing (optionally in the electronics or connection compartment)
- External indicating and adjustment unit VEGADIS 61

From a hardware version …- 01 or higher of PLICSCOM as well as a hardware version …- 01, 03 or higher of the corresponding sensor, an integrated backlight can be switched on via the adjustment menu. The hardware version is stated on the type label of the PLICSCOM or the sensor electronics.

Note:
You can find detailed information on adjustment in the operating instructions manual "*Indicating and adjustment module*".

6.2 Insert indicating and adjustment module

Mount/Dismount indicating and adjustment module

The indicating and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. It is not necessary to interrupt the power supply.

Proceed as follows:

1 Unscrew the housing cover

2 Place the indicating and adjustment module in the desired position on the electronics (you can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°)

3 Press the indicating and adjustment module onto the electronics and turn it to the right until it snaps in.

4 Screw housing cover with inspection window tightly back on

Removal is carried out in reverse order.

The indicating and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.

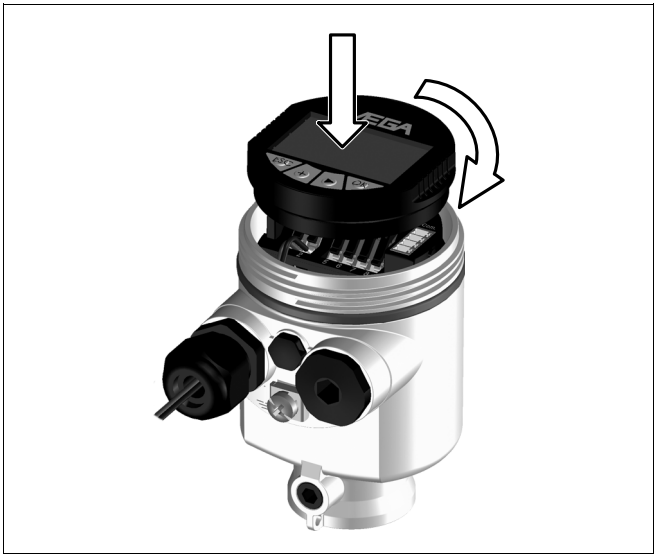


Fig. 23: Mounting the indicating and adjustment module

Note:
If you intend to retrofit the instrument with an indicating and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher cover with an inspection glass is required.

28786-EN-081127

6.3 Adjustment system

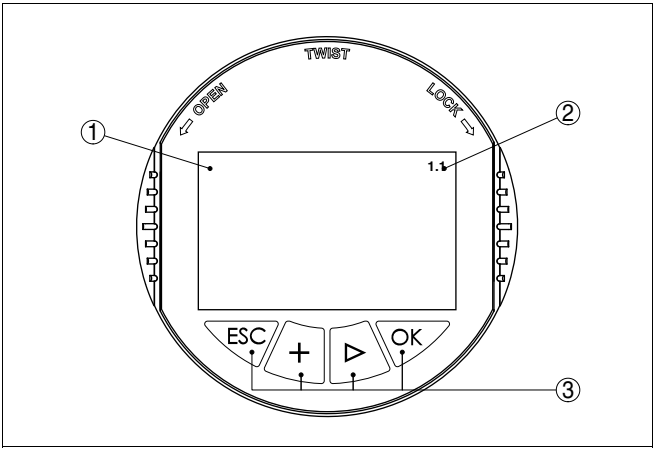


Fig. 24: Indicating and adjustment elements
1 LC display
2 Indication of the menu item number
3 Adjustment keys

Key functions

- ***[OK]*** key:
  - Move to the menu overview
  - Confirm selected menu
  - Edit parameter
  - Save value
- ***[->]*** key to select:
  - menu change
  - list entry
  - Select editing position
- ***[+]*** key:
  - Change value of the parameter
- ***[ESC]*** key:
  - interrupt input
  - jump to the next higher menu

Adjustment system

The sensor is adjusted via the four keys of the indicating and adjustment module. The LC display indicates the individual menu items. The functions of the individual keys are shown in the above illustration. Approx. 10 minutes after the last pressing of a key, an automatic reset to measured value indication is triggered. Any values not confirmed with ***[OK]*** will not be saved.

6.4 Setup procedure

Address setting

Before starting the actual parameter adjustment of a Profibus PA sensor, the address setting must first be carried out. You will find a detailed description in the operating instructions manual of the indicating and adjustment module or in the online help of PACTware or DTM.

Parameter adjustment

As VEGASON 63 is a distance measuring instrument, the distance from the sensor to the product surface is measured. To have the real product level displayed, an allocation of the measured distance to the percentage height must be made. To carry out this adjustment, the distance is entered with full and empty vessel. If these values are not known, an adjustment with the distance values, e.g. 10 % and 90 % is also possible. Starting point for these distance specifications is always the lower side of the flange, with all other versions the lower side of the transducer.

The actual level is then calculated on the basis of these entered values. At the same time, the operating range of the sensor is limited from maximum range to the requested range.

The real product level during this adjustment is not important, because the min./max. adjustment is always carried out without changing the product level. These settings can be made ahead of time without the instrument having to be installed.

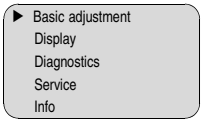
In the main menu item "*Basic adjustment*", the individual submenu items should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct parameter values.

Start your parameter adjustment with the following menu items of the basic adjustment:

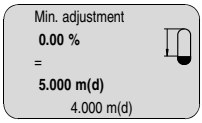
Carrying out min. adjustment

Proceed as follows:

1 Move from the measured value display to the main menu by pushing ***[OK]***.



2 Select the menu item "*Basic adjustment*" with ***[->]*** and confirm with ***[OK]***. Now the menu item "*Min. adjustment*" is displayed.



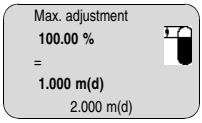
3 Prepare the % value for editing with ***[OK]*** and set the cursor to the requested position with ***[->]***. Set the requested percentage value with ***[+]*** and save with ***[OK]***. The cursor jumps now to the distance value.

4 Enter the suitable distance value in m for the empty vessel (e.g. distance from the sensor to the vessel bottom) corresponding to the percentage value.

5 Save the settings with ***[OK]*** and move to "Max. adjustment" with ***[->]***.

Carrying out max. adjustment

Proceed as follows:



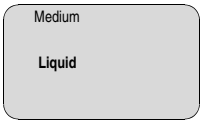
1 Prepare the % value for editing with ***[OK]*** and set the cursor to the requested position with ***[->]***. Set the requested percentage value with ***[+]*** and save with ***[OK]***. The cursor jumps now to the distance value.

2 Enter the appropriate distance value in m (corresponding to the percentage value) for the full vessel. Keep in mind that the max. level must lie below the dead band.

3 Save the settings with ***[OK]*** and move to "Medium selection" with ***[->]***.

Medium selection

Each product has different reflective properties. In addition, there are various interfering factors which have to be taken into account: agitated product surfaces and foam generation (with liquids); dust generation, material cones and echoes from the vessel wall (with solids). To adapt the sensor to these different conditions, you should first select "*Liquid*" or "*Solid*".



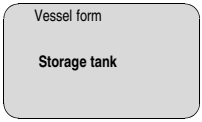
With solids, you can also choose between "*Powder/Dust*", "*Granular/Pellets*" or "*Ballast/Pebbels*".

Through this additional selection, the sensor is adapted perfectly to the product and measurement reliability, particularly in products with bad reflective properties, is considerably increased.

Enter the requested parameter via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the ***[->]*** key.

Vessel form

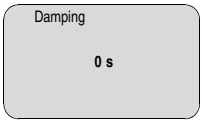
Apart from the medium, the vessel shape can also influence the measurement. To adapt the sensor to these measuring conditions, this menu item offers different options depending on whether liquid or solid is selected. With "*Liquids*" these are "*Storage tank*", "*Stilling tube*", "*Open vessel*" or "*Stirred vessel*", with "*Solid*", "*Silo*" or "*Bunker*".



Enter the requested parameter via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the ***[->]*** key.

Damping

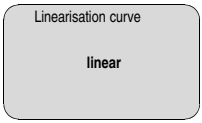
To suppress fluctuations in the measured value display, e. g. caused by an agitated product surface, a damping can be set. This time can be between 0 and 999 seconds. Keep in mind that the reaction time of the entire measurement will then be longer and the sensor will react to measured value changes with a delay. In general, a period of a few seconds is sufficient to smooth the measured value display.



Enter the requested parameter via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the ***[->]*** key.

Linearisation curve

A linearization is necessary for all vessels in which the vessel volume does not increase linearly with the level - e. g. with a cylindrical or spherical tank - and the indication or output of the volume is required. Corresponding linearization curves are preprogrammed for these vessels. They represent the correlation between the level percentage and vessel volume. By activating the appropriate curve, the volume percentage of the vessel is displayed correctly. If the volume should not be displayed in percent but e.g. in l or kg, a scaling can be also set in the menu item "*Display*".

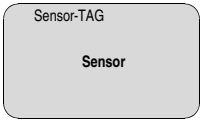


Enter the requested parameter via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the ***[->]*** key.

28786-EN-081127

Sensor-TAG

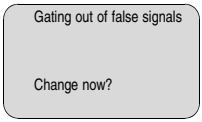
In this menu item you can enter an unambiguous designation for the sensor, e.g. the measurement loop name or the tank or product designation. In digital systems and in the documentation of larger plants, a singular designation should be entered for exact identification of individual measuring sites.



With this menu item, the Basic adjustment is finished and you can now jump to the main menu with the ***[ESC]*** key.

Gating out of false signals

High sockets or vessel installations, such as e. g. struts or agitators as well as buildup and weld joints on the vessel walls cause interfering reflections which can impair the measurement. A false echo storage detects and marks these false echoes, so that they are no longer taken into account for the level measurement. A false echo memory should be created with low level so that all potential interfering reflections will be detected.



Proceed as follows:

1 Move from the measured value display to the main menu by pushing ***[OK]***.

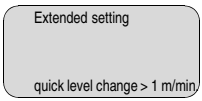
2 Select the menu item "*Service*" with ***[->]*** and confirm with ***[OK]***. Now the menu item "*False signal suppression*" is displayed.

3 Confirm "*False signal suppression - Change now*" with ***[OK]*** and select in the below menu "*Create new*". Enter the actual distance from the sensor to the product surface. All false signals in this area are detected by the sensor and saved after confirming with ***[OK]***.

Note:
Check the distance to the product surface, because if an incorrect (too large) value is entered, the existing level will be saved as false signal. The filling level would then no longer be detectable in this area.

Extended setting/Quick level change

The menu item "*Extended setting*" offers the possibility to optimise VEGASON 63 for applications in which the level changes very quickly. For this reason, select the function "*Quick level change > 1 m/min.*".



Note:
Since with the function "*Quick level change > 1 m/min.*" the generation of an average value of the signal processing is considerably reduced, false reflections by agitators or vessel installations can cause measured value fluctuations. A false echo memory is thus recommended.

Copy sensor data

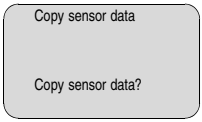
This function enables reading out parameter adjustment data as well as writing parameter adjustment data into the sensor via the indicating and adjustment module. A description of the function is available in the operating instructions manual "*Indicating and adjustment module*".

The following data are read out or written with this function:

- Measured value presentation
- Adjustment
- Medium
- Vessel form
- Damping
- Linearisation curve
- Sensor-TAG
- Displayed value
- Scaling unit (Out-Scale unit)
- Positions after the decimal point (scaled)
- Scaling PA/Out-Scale 4 values
- Unit of measurement
- Language

The following safety-relevant data are **not** read out or written:

- Sensor address
- PIN



Reset

Basic adjustment
If the "*Reset*" is carried out, the sensor resets the values of the following menu items to the reset values (see chart):[2)]

Function	Reset value
Sensor address	
Max. adjustment	0 m(d)
Min. adjustment	Meas. range end in m(d)[3)]
Medium	Liquid

2) Sensor-specific basic adjustment.
3) Depending on the sensor type, see chapter "Technical data".

Function	Reset value
Vessel form	not known
Damping	0 s
Linearisation	linear
Channel	PV lin. %
Sensor-TAG	Sensor
Displayed value	PA-Out
Additional PA value	Secondary Value 1 %
Out-Scale-Unit	%
PV-Out-Scale	0.00 lin % = 0.0 % 100.0 lin % = 100 %
Unit of measurement	m(d)

The values of the following menu items are *not* reset to the reset values (see chart) with "**Reset**":

Function	Reset value
Sensor address	no reset
Language	no reset

Factory setting
Like basic adjustment, furthermore special parameters are reset to default values.[4)]

Pointer
The min. and max. distance and temperature values are reset to the actual value.

Optional settings

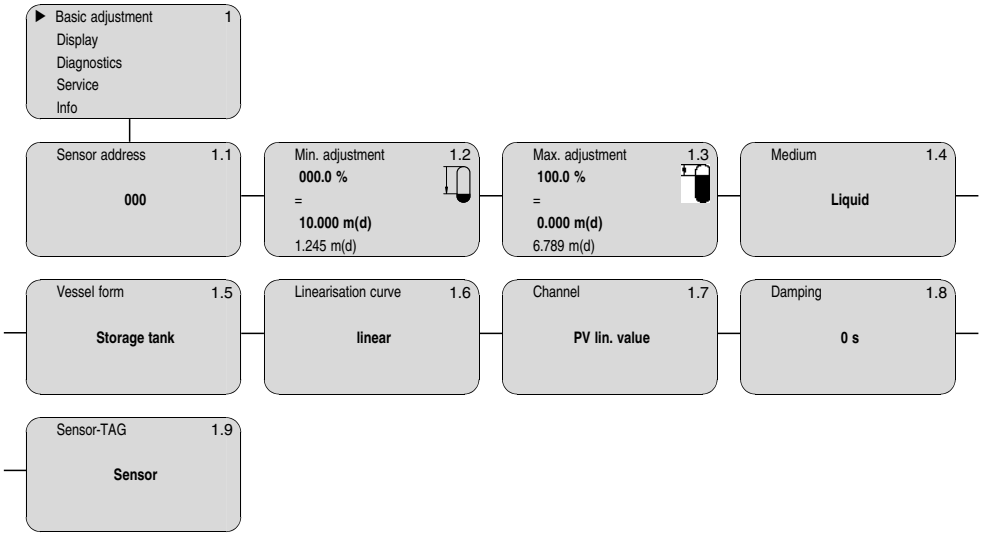
Additional adjustment and diagnosis options such as e.g. scaling, simulation or trend curve presentation are shown in the following menu schematic. You will find a detailed description of these menu items in the operating instructions manual "*Indicating and adjustment module*".

4) Special parameters are parameters which are set customer-specifically on the service level with the adjustment software PACTware.

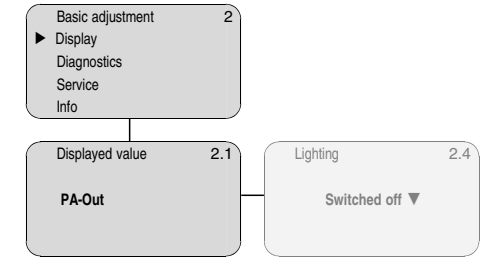
6.5 Menu schematic

Information:
Depending on the version and application, the highlighted menu windows are not always available.

Basic adjustment

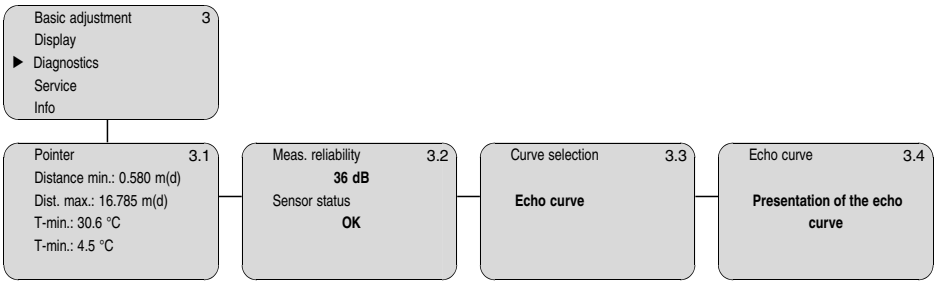


Display

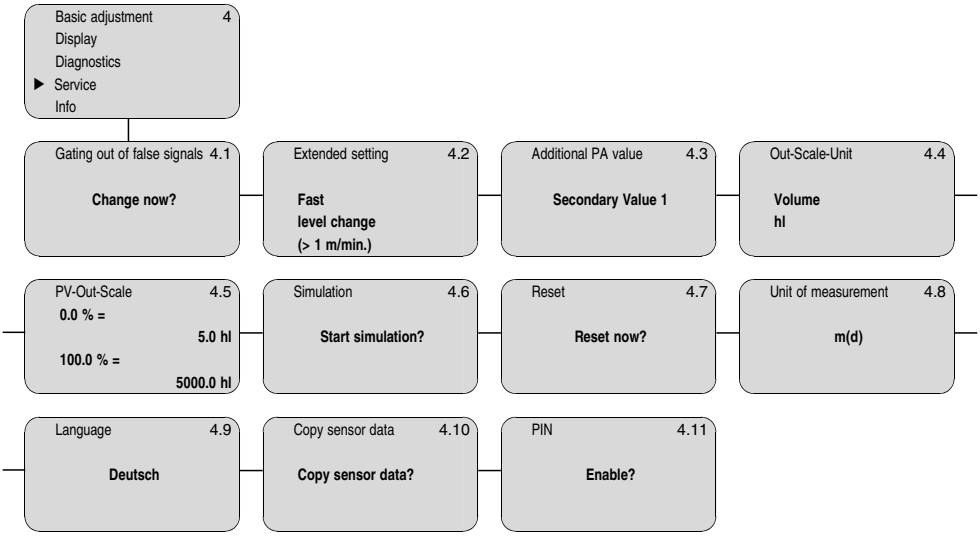


28786-EN-081127

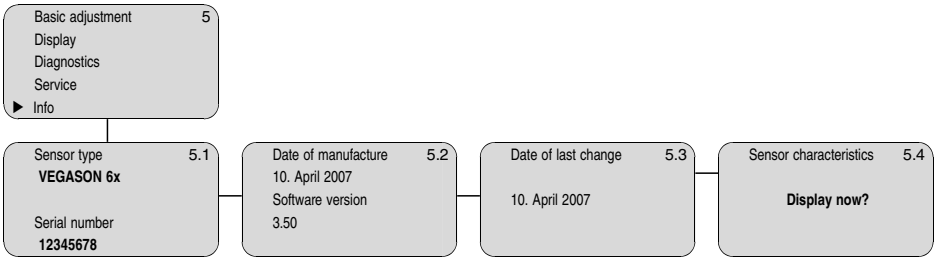
Diagnostics



Service



Info



6.6 Saving the parameter adjustment data

It is recommended noting the adjusted data, e.g. in this operating instructions manual and archive them afterwards. They are hence available for multiple use or service purposes.

If VEGASON 63 is equipped with an indicating and adjustment module, the most important data can be read out of the sensor into indicating and adjustment module. The procedure is described in the operating instructions manual "*Indicating and adjustment module*" in the menu item "*Copy sensor data*". The data remain there permanently even if the sensor power supply fails.

If it is necessary to exchange the sensor, the indicating and adjustment module is inserted into the replacement instrument and the data are written into the sensor under the menu item "*Copy sensor data*".

7 Setup with PACTware and other adjustment programs

7.1 Connect the PC via VEGACONNECT

Internal connection via I²C interface

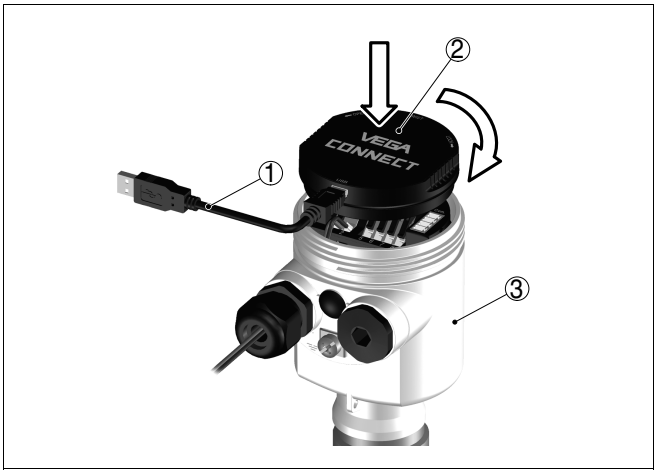


Fig. 25: Connection of the PC via VEGACONNECT directly to the sensor
1 USB cable to the PC
2 VEGACONNECT
3 Sensor

External connection via I²C interface

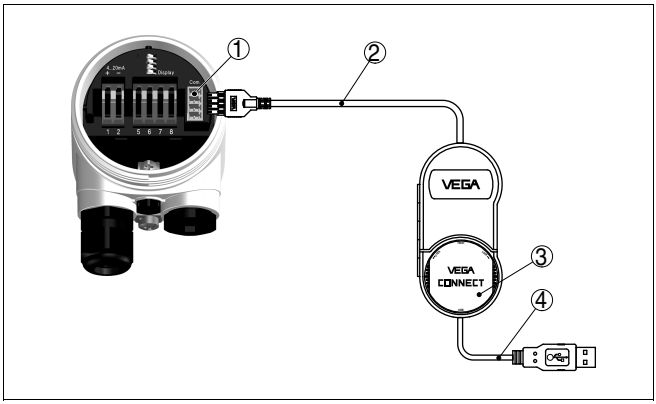


Fig. 26: Connection via I²C connection cable
1 I²C bus (com.) interface on the sensor
2 I²C connection cable of VEGACONNECT
3 VEGACONNECT
4 USB cable to the PC

Necessary components:

- VEGASON 63
- PC with PACTware and suitable VEGA DTM
- VEGACONNECT
- Power supply unit or processing system

7.2 Parameter adjustment with PACTware

Further setup steps are described in the operating instructions manual "*DTM Collection/PACTware*" attached to each CD and which can also be downloaded from our homepage. A detailed description is available in the online help of PACTware and the VEGA DTMs.

Note:
Keep in mind that for setup of VEGASON 63, DTM-Collection in the actual version must be used.

All currently available VEGA DTMs are provided in the DTM Collection on CD and can be obtained from the responsible VEGA agency for a token fee. This CD includes also the up-to-date PACTware version. The basic version of this DTM Collection incl. PACTware is also available as a free-of-charge download from the Internet.

Go via www.vega.com and "*Downloads*" to the item "*Software*".

7.3 Parameter adjustment with PDM

For VEGA sensors, instrument descriptions for the adjustment program PDM are available as EDD. The instrument descriptions are already implemented in the current version of PDM. For older versions of PDM, a free-of-charge download is available via Internet.

Go via www.vega.com and "*Downloads*" to the item "*Software*".

7.4 Saving the parameter adjustment data

It is recommended to document or save the parameter adjustment data. They are hence available for multiple use or service purposes.

The VEGA DTM Collection and PACTware in the licensed, professional version provide suitable tools for systematic project documentation and storage.

8 Maintenance and fault rectification

8.1 Maintenance

When used in the correct way, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.

8.2 Remove interferences

Reaction when malfunctions occur

The operator of the system is responsible for taken suitable measures to remove interferences.

Causes of malfunction

A maximum of reliability is ensured. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. These may be caused by the following, e.g.:

- Sensor
- Process
- Power supply
- Signal processing

Fault rectification

The first measures to be taken are to check the output signals as well as to evaluate the error messages via the indicating and adjustment module. The procedure is described below. Further comprehensive diagnostics can be carried out on a PC with the software PACTware and the suitable DTM. In many cases, the causes can be determined in this way and faults can be rectified.

24 hour service hotline

However, should these measures not be successful, call the VEGA service hotline in urgent cases under the phone no. **+49 1805 858550**.

The hotline is available to you 7 days a week round-the-clock. Since we offer this service world-wide, the support is only available in the English language. The service is free of charge, only the standard telephone costs will be charged.

Checking Profibus PA

? When an additional instrument is connected, the segment fails.

- Max. supply current of the segment coupler exceeded

→ Measure the current consumption, reduce size of segment

? Wrong presentation of the measured value in Simatic S5

- Simatic S5 cannot interpret the number format IEEE of the measured value

→ Insert converting component from Siemens

? In Simatic S7 the measured value is always presented as 0

- Only four bytes are consistently loaded in the PLC

→ Use function component SFC 14 to load 5 bytes consistently

? Measured value on the indicating and adjustment module does not correspond to the value in the PLC
- The menu item "*Display - Display value*" is not set to "*PA-Out*"

→ Check values and correct, if necessary

? No connection between PLC and PA network
- Incorrect adjustment of the bus parameter and the segment coupler-dependent baud rate

→ Check data and correct, if necessary

? Instrument does not appear during connection setup
- Profibus DP cable pole-reversed

→ Check cable and correct, if necessary
- Incorrect termination

→ Check termination at the beginning and end points of the bus and terminate, if necessary, according to the specification
- Instrument not connected to the segment, double assignment of an address

→ Check and correct, if necessary

In Ex applications, the regulations for the wiring of intrinsically safe circuits must be observed.

Fault messages via the indicating/adjustment module

? E013
- no measured value available

→ sensor in boot phase

→ Sensor does not find an echo, e.g. due to faulty installation or wrong parameter adjustment

? E017
- Adjustment span too small

→ Carry out a fresh adjustment and increase the distance between min. and max. adjustment

? E036
- no operable sensor software

→ Carry out a software update or send the instrument for repair

? E041
- Hardware error, electronics defective

→ Exchange instrument or return instrument for repair

? E113
- Communication conflict

→ Exchange instrument or return instrument for repair

Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the failure reason and measures taken, the steps described in chapter "*Set up*" must be carried out again, if necessary.

8.3 Exchanging the electronics module

If the electronics module is defective, it can be replaced by the user.

In Ex applications only one instrument and one electronics module with respective Ex approval may be used.

If there is no electronics module available on site, one can be ordered from the VEGA agency serving you.

Sensor serial number

The settings of the sensor must be downloaded into the new electronics module. This can be done:

- At the factory by VEGA
- Or on site by the user

In both cases, the sensor serial number is needed. The serial numbers are stated on the type label of the instrument, inside the housing or on the delivery note.

Information:
When loading on site, first of all the order data must be downloaded from the Internet (see operating instructions manual "*Oscillator*").

Assignment

The electronics modules are adapted to the respective sensor and distinguish also in the signal output or power supply.

8.4 Software update

The following components are required to update the sensor software:

- Sensor
- Power supply
- VEGACONNECT
- PC with PACTware
- Current sensor software as file

Load sensor software to PC

At "www.vega.com/downloads" go to "*Software*". Select under "*plics instruments and sensors*" the suitable instrument series. Load the zip file via the right mouse key with "*Save target as*" e.g. on the desktop of your PC. Extract all files available in the zip file, e.g. to the desktop.

Prepare update

Connect the sensor to power supply and provide connection from PC to the instrument via VEGACONNECT. Start PACTware and provide connection to the sensor, e.g. via the VEGA project assistant. Close the parameter window of the sensor, as far as open.

Load software into sensor

Go in the PACTware menu bar to "*Instrument data*", "*Additional functions*" and "*Update instrument software*".

PACTware checks now the actual hardware and software version of the sensor and displays the data. This procedure lasts approx. 60 s.

Push the button " ***Update software***" and select the previously extracted hex file. Then the software update can be started. Further files are installed automatically. Depending on the sensor, this procedure lasts approximately 1 h.

8.5 Instrument repair

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

You can download a return form (23 KB) from our Internet homepage www.vega.com under: "*Downloads - Forms and certificates - Repair form*".

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Please ask the agency serving you for the address of your return shipment. You can find the respective agency on our website www.vega.com under: "*Company - VEGA worldwide*"

9 Dismounting

9.1 Dismounting steps

Warning:
Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic products etc.

Take note of chapters "*Mounting*" and "*Connecting to power supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

9.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronics to be easily separable.

WEEE directive 2002/96/EG
This instrument is not subject to the WEEE directive 2002/96/EG and the respective national laws. Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points. These may be used only for privately used products according to the WEEE directive.

Correct disposal avoids negative effects to persons and environment and ensures recycling of useful raw materials.

Materials: see chapter "*Technical data*"

If you have no possibility to dispose of the old instrument professionally, please contact us concerning return and disposal.

10 Supplement

10.1 Technical data

General data	
Materials, wetted parts	
– Process fitting	UP
– Transducer diaphragm	316Ti
– Seal transducer diaphragm/process fitting	EPDM
Materials, non-wetted parts	
– Mounting strap	1.4301
– Compression flange	PPH, 316L
– Housing	Plastic PBT (polyester), Alu die-casting powder-coated, 316L
– Seal between housing and housing cover	NBR (stainless steel housing), silicone (Alu/plastic housing)
– Inspection window in housing cover	Polycarbonate
– Ground terminal	316Ti/316L
Weight	2.7 … 5.7 kg (6 … 12.6 lbs), depending on the process fitting and housing

Output variable	
Output signal	digital output signal, format according to IEEE-754
Sensor address	126 (default setting)
Current value	10 mA, ±0.5 mA
Damping (63 % of the input variable)	0 … 999 s, adjustable
Step response or adjustment time	≤ 250 ms (ti: 0 s, 10 … 90 %)

Input variable	
Measured value	distance between lower edge of the transducer and product surface
Measuring range	
– Liquids	up to 15 m (49.21 ft)
– Bulk solids	up to 7 m (22.97 ft)
Dead band	0.6 m (1.969 ft)

Reference conditions to measuring accuracy (similar to DIN EN 60770-1)	
Reference conditions according to DIN EN 61298-1	
– Temperature	+18 … +30 °C (+64 … +86 °F)
– Relative humidity	45 … 75 %
– Air pressure	860 … 1060 mbar/86 … 106 kPa (12.5 … 15.4 psig)

28786-EN-081127

Other reference conditions

– Reflector	ideal reflector, e.g. metal plate 2 x 2 m (6.56 x 6.56 ft)
– False reflections	Biggest false echo, 20 dB smaller than the useful echo

Measuring characteristics

Ultrasonic frequency	35 kHz
Interval	> 2 s (dependent on the parameter adjustment)
Beam angle at 3 dB	6°
Adjustment time[5]	> 3 s (dependent on the parameter adjustment)

Measuring accuracy

Resolution, general	> 1 mm (0.039 in)
Deviation[6]	see diagram

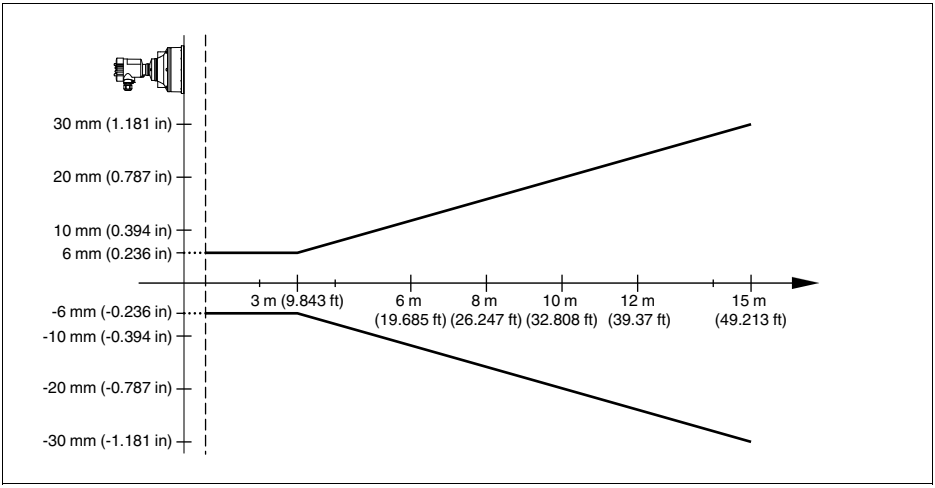


Fig. 27: Deviation VEGASON 63

Influence of the ambient temperature to the sensor electronics[7]

Average temperature coefficient of the zero signal (temperature error)	0.06 %/10 K

[5] Time to output the correct level (with max. 10 % deviation) after a sudden level change.
[6] Incl. non-linearity, hysteresis and non-repeatability.
[7] Relating to the nominal measuring range.

Ambient conditions	
Ambient, storage and transport temperature	-40 … +80 °C (-40 … +176 °F)
Process conditions	
Process pressure	
– with compression flange	-20 … 100 kPa/-0.2 … 1 bar (-2.9 … 14.5 psi)
– with mounting strap	0 kPa, since no seal possibility
Process temperature (transducer temperature)	-40 … +80 °C (-40 … +176 °F)
Vibration resistance	mechanical vibrations with 4 g and 5 … 100 Hz[8]
Electromechanical data - version IP 66/IP 67 and IP 66/IP 68; 0.2 bar	
Cable entry/plug[9]	
– Single chamber housing	• 1 x cable gland M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 … 9 mm), 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5 or: • 1 x closing cap M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5 or: • 1 x closing cap ½ NPT, 1 x blind plug ½ NPT or: • 1 x plug (depending on the version), 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5
– Double chamber housing	• 1 x cable entry M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 … 9 mm), 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind stopper M16 x 1.5 or optionally available with 1 x plug M12 x 1 for VEGADIS 61 or: • 1 x closing cap ½ NPT, 1 x blind stopper ½ NPT, 1 x blind stopper M16 x 1.5 or optionally 1 x plug M12 x 1 for VEGADIS 61 or: • 1 x plug (depending on the version), 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind stopper M16 x 1.5 or optionally available with 1 x plug M12 x 1 for VEGADIS 61
Spring-loaded terminals for wire cross-section	> 2.5 mm² (AWG 14)

[8] Tested according to the regulations of German Lloyd, GL directive 2.
[9] Depending on the version M12 x 1, according to DIN 43650, Harting, 7/8" FF.

Electromechanical data - version IP 66/IP 68, 1 bar

Cable entry	
– Single chamber housing	1 x IP 68 cable gland M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5
– Double chamber housing	1 x IP 68 cable gland M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind stopper M16 x 1.5
Connection cable	
– Wire cross-section	0.5 mm^2 (AWG 20)
– Wire resistance	< 0.036 Ω/m
– Tensile strength	< 1200 N (270 lbf)
– Standard length	5 m (16.4 ft)
– Max. length	1000 m (3280 ft)
– Min. bending radius	25 mm (0.984 in) with 25 °C (77 °F)
– Diameter approx.	8 mm (0.315 in)
– Colour - standard PE	Black
– Colour - standard PUR	Blue
– Colour - Ex-version	Blue

Indicating and adjustment module

Voltage supply and data transmission	through the sensor
Indication	LC display in dot matrix
Adjustment elements	4 keys
Protection	
– unassembled	IP 20
– mounted into the sensor without cover	IP 40
Materials	
– Housing	ABS
– Inspection window	Polyester foil

Power supply

Operating voltage	
– Non-Ex instrument	9 … 32 V DC
– EEx-ia instrument	9 … 24 V DC
– EEx-d instrument	16 … 32 V DC
Operating voltage with lighted indicating and adjustment module	
– Non-Ex instrument	12 … 32 V DC
– EEx-ia instrument	12 … 24 V DC
– EEx-d instrument	20 … 32 V DC

28786-EN-081127

Power supply by/max. number of sensors	
– DP/PA segment coupler	max. 32 (max. 10 with Ex)
– VEGALOG 571 EP card	max. 15 (max. 10 with Ex)

Electrical protective measures

Protection, depending on housing version	
– Plastic housing	IP 66/IP 67
– Aluminium housing, stainless steel housing - investment casting, stainless steel housing - electro-polished	IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar)[10]
Overvoltage category	III
Protection class	II

Approvals

Depending on the version, instruments with approvals can have different technical data.

For these instruments, the corresponding approval documents have to be taken into account. These are part of the delivery or can be downloaded under www.vega.com via "*VEGA Tools*" and "*serial number search*" as well as via "*Downloads*" and "*Approvals*".

[10] A suitable cable is the prerequisite for maintaining the protection class.

10.2 Profibus PA

Instrument master file

The instrument master file (GSD) contains the characteristic data of the Profibus PA instrument. These data are, e.g. the permissible transmission rates as well as information on diagnostics values and the format of the measured value outputted by the PA instrument.

A bitmap file is also provided for the Profibus network planning tool. This file is installed automatically when the GSD file is integrated. The bitmap file is used for symbolic indication of the PA instrument in the configuration tool.

Ident number

Each Profibus instrument gets an unambiguous ident number (ID number) from the Profibus user organisation (PNO). This ID number is also included in the name of the GSD file. For VEGASON 63 the ID number is **0x0770(hex)** and the GSD file "**SN__0770.GSD**". As an option to this manufacturer-specific GSD file, PNO provides also a general so-called profile-specific GSD file. For VEGASON 63 you have to use the general GSD file "**PA139701.GSD**". If the general GSD file is used, the sensor must be set to the profile-specific ident number via the DTM software. By default, the sensor operates with the manufacturer-specific ID number.

Note:
When using the profile-specific GSD file, the PA-OUT value as well as the temperature value are transmitted to the PLC (see block diagram "*Cyclical data traffic*").

Cyclical data traffic

The master class 1 (e.g. PLC) cyclically reads out measured values from the sensor during operation. The below block diagram below shows which data can be accessed by the PLC.

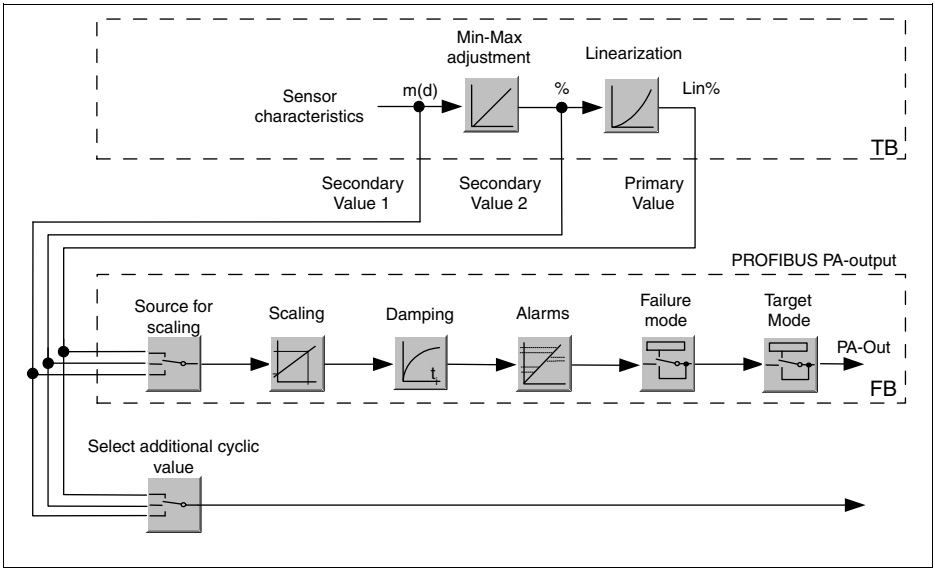


Fig. 28: VEGASON 63: Block diagram with AI (PA-OUT) value and additional cyclical value
TB Transducer Block
FB Function Block

Module of the PA sensors
For the cyclic data traffic, VEGASON 63 provides the following modules:

- AI (PA-OUT)

— PA-OUT value of the FB1 after scaling

- Temperature

— PA-OUT value of the FB2 after scaling

- Additional Cyclic Value

— Additional cyclical value (depending on the source)

- Free Place

— This module must be used if a value should not be used in the data telegram of the cyclical data traffic (e.g. replacement of temperature and Additional Cyclic Value)

Max. three modules can be active. By means of the configuration software of the Profibus master, you can determine the configuration of the cyclical data telegram with these modules. The procedure depends on the respective configuration software.

Note:
The modules are available in two versions:

- Short for Profibus master supporting only one "Identifier Format" byte, e.g. Allen Bradley

- Long for Profibus master only supporting the "Identifier Format" byte, e.g. Siemens S7-300/400

Examples of telegram configuration
In the following you will see how the modules can be combined and how the appendant data telegram is structured.

Example 1 (standard setting) with distance value, temperature value and additional cyclical value:

- AI (PA-OUT)
- Temperature
- Additional Cyclic Value

Byte-No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Format	IEEE-754-Flieskommazahl				Status	IEEE-754-Flieskommazahl				Status	IEEE-754-Flieskommazahl				Status
Value	PA-OUT (FB1)				Status (FB1)	Temperature (FB2)				Status (FB2)	Additional Cyclic Value				Status

Example 2 with distance value and temperature value without additional cyclic value:

- AI (PA-OUT)
- Temperature
- Free Place

Byte-No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Format	IEEE-754-Flieskommazahl				Status	IEEE-754-Flieskommazahl				Status
Value	PA-OUT (FB1)				Status (FB1)	Temperature (FB2)				Status (FB2)

Example 3 with distance value and additional cyclical value without temperature value:

- AI (PA-OUT)
- Free Place
- Additional Cyclic Value

Telegram configuration:

Byte-No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Format	IEEE-754-Floating point value				Status	IEEE-754-Floating point value				Status
Value	PA-OUT (FB1)				Status (FB1)	Additional Cyclic Value				Status

Data format of the output signal

Byte4	Byte3	Byte2	Byte1	Byte0
Status	Value (IEEE-754)			

Fig. 32: Data format of the output signal

The status byte corresponds to profile 3.0 "Profibus PA Profile for Process Control Devices" coded. The status "Measured value OK" is coded as 80 (hex) (Bit7 = 1, Bit6 … 0 = 0).

The measured value is transferred as a 32 bit floating point number in the IEEE-754 format.

Byte n								Byte n+1								Byte n+2								Byte n+3							
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
VZ	2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0	2^{-1}	2^{-2}	2^{-3}	2^{-4}	2^{-5}	2^{-6}	2^{-7}	2^{-8}	2^{-9}	2^{-10}	2^{-11}	2^{-12}	2^{-13}	2^{-14}	2^{-15}	2^{-16}	2^{-17}	2^{-18}	2^{-19}	2^{-20}	2^{-21}	2^{-22}	2^{-23}
Sign Bit	Exponent							Significant								Significant								Significant							

$$\text{Value} = (-1)^{VZ} \bullet 2^{(\text{Exponent} - 127)} \bullet (1 + \text{Significant})$$

Fig. 33: Data format of the measured value

Coding of the status byte associated with the PA output value

Status code	Description according to Profibus standard	Possible cause
0 x 00	bad - non-specific	Flash-Update active
0 x 04	bad - configuration error	● Adjustment error ● Configuration error with PV-Scale (PV-Span too small) ● Unit irregularity ● Error in the linearization table
0 x 0C	bad - sensor failure	● Hardware error ● Converter error ● Leakage pulse error ● Trigger error
0 x 10	bad - sensor failure	● Measured value generation error ● Temperature measurement error
0 x 1f	bad - out of service constant	"Out of Service" mode switched on
0 x 44	uncertain - last unstable value	Failsafe replacement value (Failsafe-Mode = "Last value" and already valid measured value since switching on)
0 x 48	uncertain substitute set	● Switch on simulation ● Failsafe replacement value (Failsafe-Mode = "Fsafe value")
0 x 4c	uncertain - initial value	Failsafe replacement value (Failsafe-Mode = "Last valid value" and no valid measured value since switching on)

Status code	Description according to Profibus standard	Possible cause
0 x 51	uncertain - sensor; conversion not accurate - low limited	Sensor value < lower limit
0 x 52	uncertain - sensor; conversion not accurate - high limited	Sensor value > upper limit
0 x 80	good (non-cascade) - OK	OK
0 x 84	good (non-cascade) - active block alarm	Static revision (FB, TB) changed (10 sec. active, after the parameter of the static category was written)
0 x 89	good (non-cascade) - active advisory alarm - low limited	Lo-Alarm
0 x 8a	good (non-cascade) - active advisory alarm - high limited	Hi-Alarm
0 x 8d	good (non-cascade) - active critical alarm - low limited	Lo-Lo-Alarm
0 x 8e	good (non-cascade) - active critical alarm - high limited	Hi-Hi-Alarm

10.3 Dimensions

Housing in protection IP 66/IP 67 and IP 66/IP 68; 0.2 bar

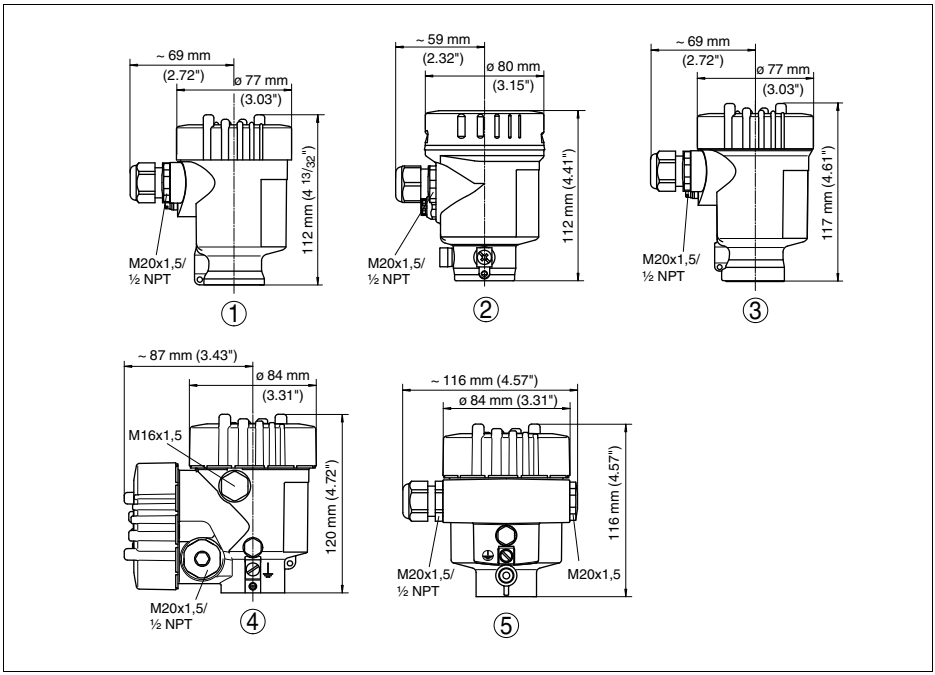


Fig. 34: Housing versions in protection IP 66/IP 67 and IP 66/IP 68, 0.2 bar (with integrated indicating and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher)

1 Plastic housing
2 Stainless steel housing, electropolished
3 Stainless steel housing - precision casting
4 Aluminium double chamber housing
5 Aluminium housing

Housing in protection IP 66/IP 68, 1 bar

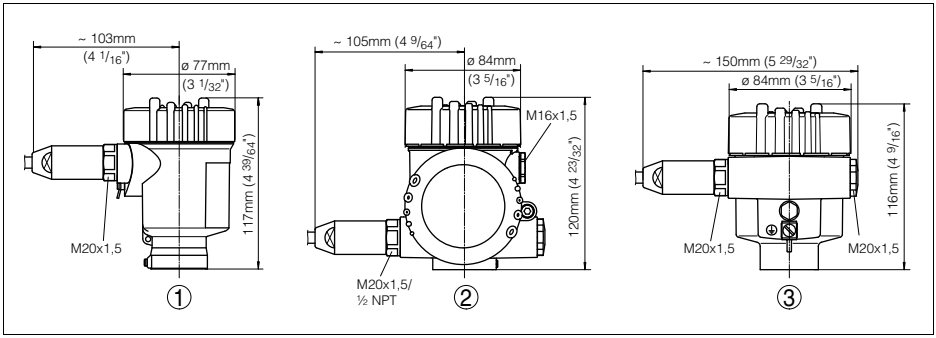


Fig. 35: Housing versions in protection IP 66/IP 68, 1 bar (with integrated indicating and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher)
1 Stainless steel housing
2 Aluminium double chamber housing
3 Aluminium housing

VEGASON 63

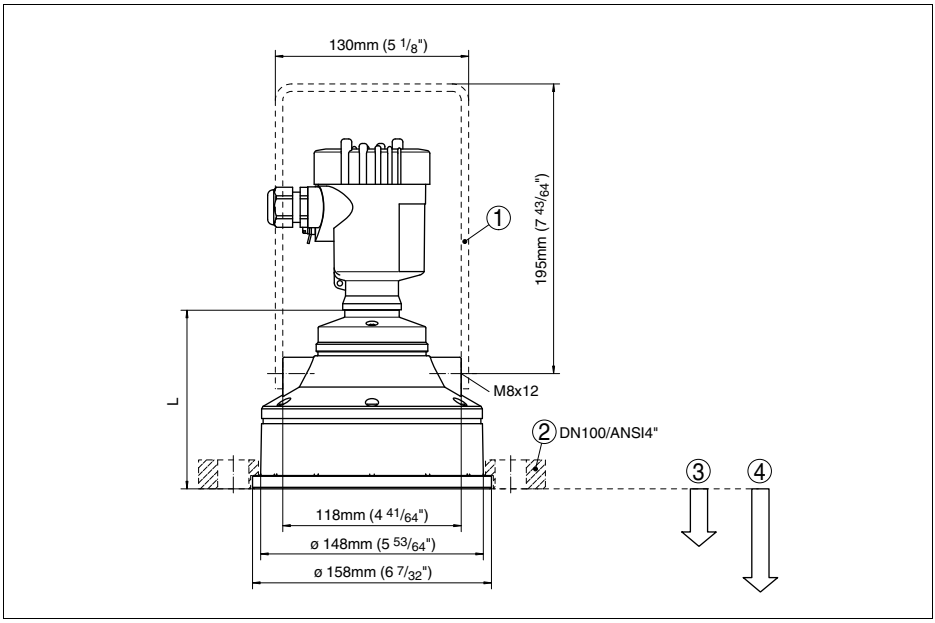


Fig. 36: VEGASON 63, dimension L with Alu housing = 108 mm (4.252"), dimension L with plastic and stainless steel housing = 114.5 mm (4.508")

1 Mounting strap
2 Compression flange
3 Dead zone: 0.6 m (1.969 ft)
4 Measuring range: with liquids up to 15 m (49.21 ft), with solids up to 7 m (22.97 ft)

10.4 Industrial property rights

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Only in U.S.A.: Further information see patent label at the sensor housing.

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